



Steps towards a global hybrid database

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Bo Weidema ecoinvent Centre















Content

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- What is a hybrid database?
- Tiered and embedded hybrid analysis
- The ecoinvent "IO repository"
- Imports, exports and final consumption as activity datasets
- Classification of activities and products
- Parallel use of monetary and physical units
- Physical resource inputs and emissions
- Integration of satellite tables (valuation, waste, final use, capital formation and use) in the core supply-use table
- From repository to hybrid database



Hybrid databases



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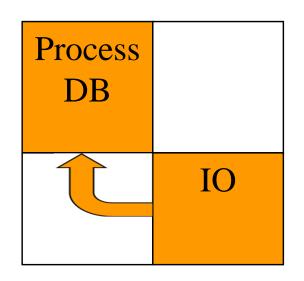




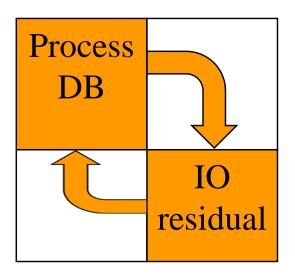




 Combining the detail of process-based data with the completeness of the make-use (IO) framework



tiered approach



embedded approach

Make-Use convention: Columns = activities; Rows = products



The ecoinvent "IO repository"

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- Repository: A place to store
- IO repository: A place to store Make-Use (IO) data
- One column in a Make-Use table = one activity dataset
- Each row = one exchange (input or output)
- Same format as process-based datasets: ecoSpold2
- Special activity types: IO and residual

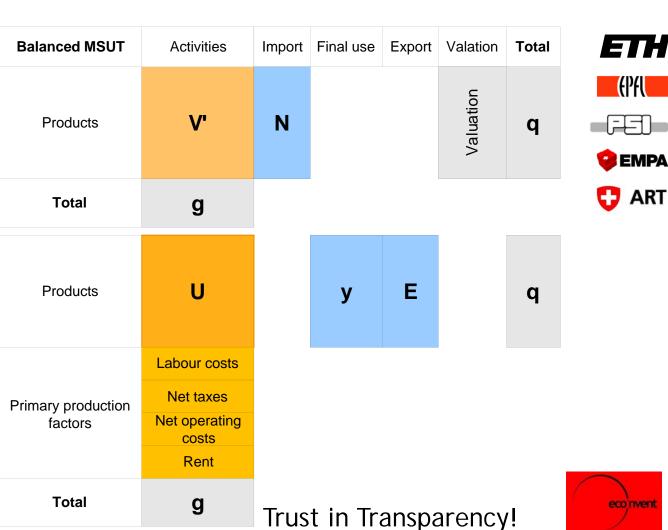


Imports, final consumption and exports



Besides the core technology matrix (producing industries):

- Imports
- Final consumption
- Exports
- Again: Each column =
 One activity dataset



Classification of activities and products

- Activities: UN ISIC Rev. 4
- Products: UN CPC Ver. 2
- More parallel classifications as well:
 - Original local classifications (e.g. NAICS)
 - Other classifications (e.g. GPC)
 - User-defined tags















Parallel use of monetary and physical units



 Make-Use tables can only handle one unit per exchange (input or output): Monetary and physical tables stored separately Swiss Centre For Life Cycle Inventories

 ecoSpold 2 - and therefore the IO repository - can handle unlimited number of properties of each exchange, e.g.:



- Monetary



- Mass (wet, dry)



- Composition (Cadmium content, Carbon content, etc.)



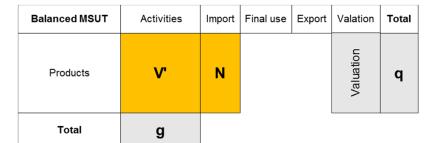
- Lifetime

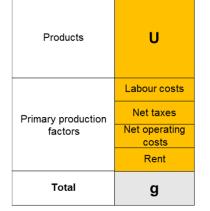


- all stored in the same activity dataset
- Thus, from the same activity datasets, many different matrices can be produced, both monetary and physical



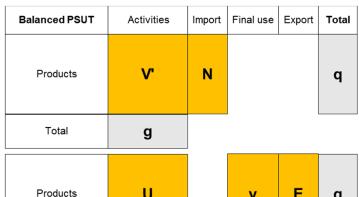
Physical resource inputs and emissions



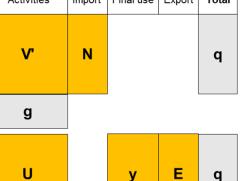








Net additions to stocks	-∆ S
Supply of wastes	-W ∨
Use of wastes	Wu
Resources	R
Emissions	-B
Total	q





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From resource statistics

Factor-based emissions

Trust in Transparency!



The valuation table: Translating from V' in basic prices to U in

Total

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purchaser's prices

Balanced MSUT	Activities	Import	Final use	Export	Valation	Total	ETH
Products	V'	N			Valuation	q	(Pf(
Total	g		•				O ART
Products	U		у	E		q	
	Labour costs						-
Primary production	Net taxes						
factors	Net operating costs						
	Rent						
T - 4 - 1							

Trust in Transparency!



 The valuation table: Translating from V' in basic prices to U in purchaser's prices

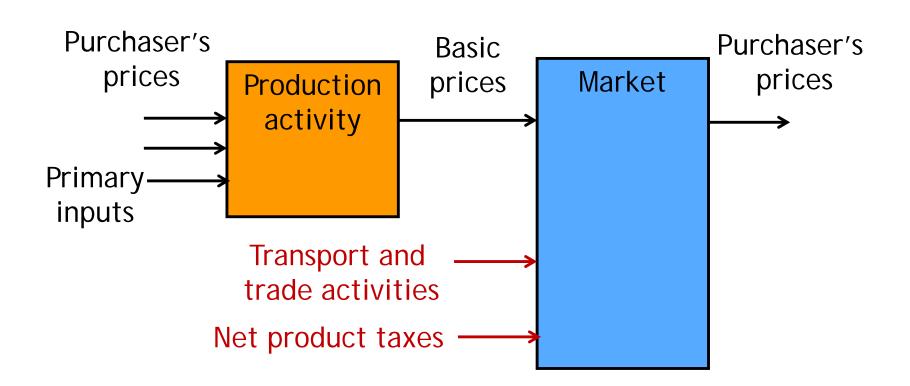










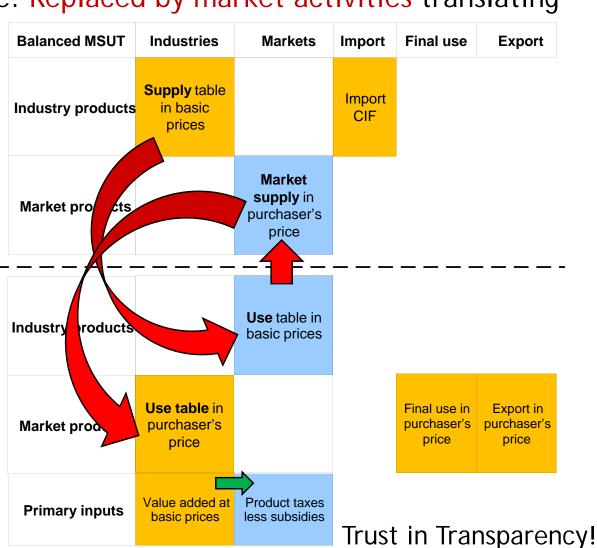






• The valuation table: Replaced by market activities translating

from V' in basic prices to U in purchaser's prices















Net additions to

stocks

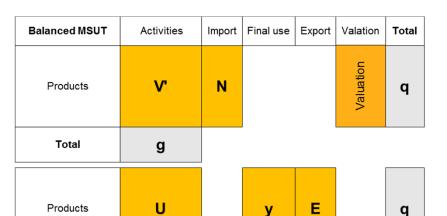
Supply of wastes

Use of wastes

Resources

Emissions

Total



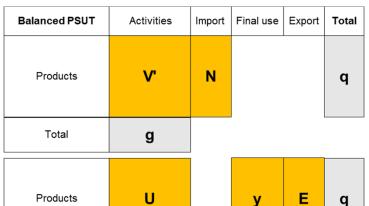
Labour costs

Net taxes

Net operating

costs Rent

g



-AS

-W_V

 \mathbf{W}_{U}

R

-B

g





Supply and use of materials for treatment (wastes and materials for recycling)





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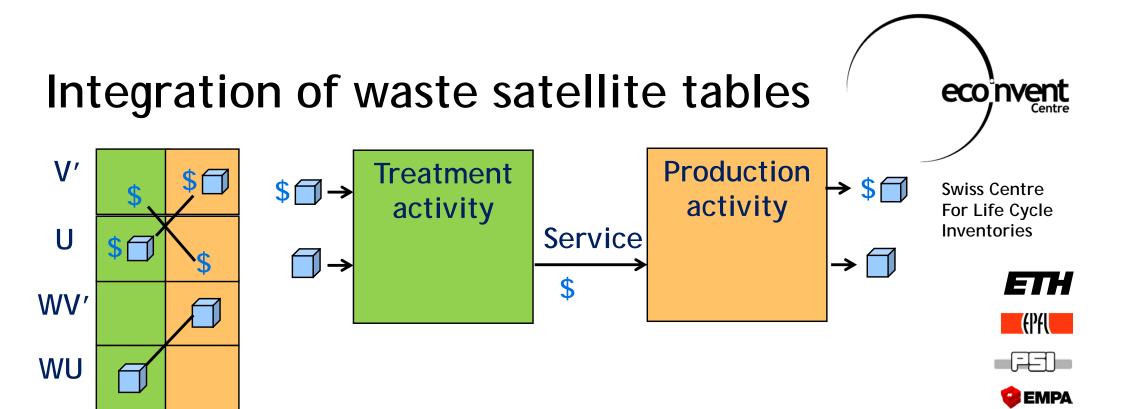
EMPA

ART

Primary production

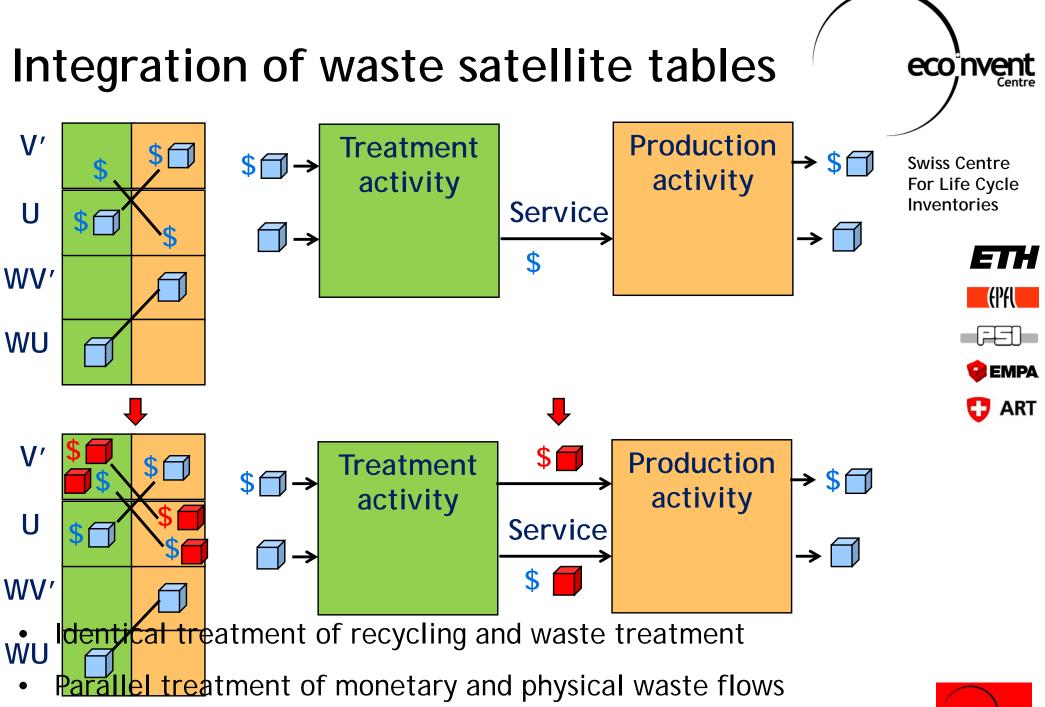
factors

Total





ART



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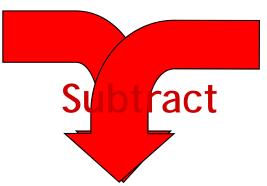
- Additions to stock = linking to future waste treatment
- Capital formation and use integrated in the core make-use table through the use of an investment matrix

From repository to hybrid database



Balanced MSUT	Activities (a _U)	Products (c _U)	Export	Total
Activities (a _s)		٧		g'
Products (c _s)			E	q
Import		N _v '		
Primary inputs	Labour and profit			
Total	g	q'		

Add industry-internal processes



Activities (a_U) Products (c_U) Export Total

Activities (a_U) Products (c_U) Export Total

Grant Grant



Scale-up to IO-geography



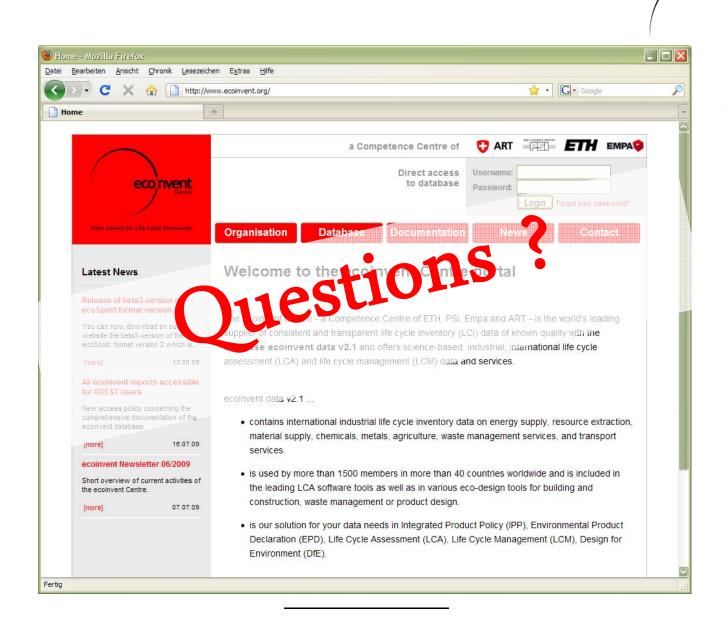












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